

the expediency of. It ought to be construed with plain good sense; and what can be more agreeable than the Constitution on this point.

Mr. Madison, in his message in 1816, fully expressed the views of the Republican party on the subject. He says:

"I particularly invite the attention of Congress to the expediency of exercising their power, and when necessary; restoring to the prescribed mode of enlarging them, in order to effectuate a comprehensive system of roads and canals, such as will have the effect of drawing more closely together every part of our country, by promoting intercourse and industry, and increasing the share of every part in the common stock of national prosperity."

Mr. McDuffie in speaking of Mr. Calhoun's views on constitutional subjects, said:

"He was from the first a decided advocate of the bank, of internal improvements, internal taxes, when necessary, and liberal principles in construing the constitution for great, useful, and safe national purposes."

Mr. McDuffie gave it as his opinion that—

"There is no incidental power more clearly given by the constitution (and yet you admit incidental powers) and certainly there is none at once more harmless and salutary, than that of making internal improvements. The power of regulating the internal commerce, equally involves the power to make roads and canals necessary and proper for the transportation of merchandise."

Richard Rush, who is high authority with the law, in a long letter to a gentleman in Rhode-Island, on the subject of the Tariff, says that Mr. Calhoun and Mr. Gallatin, were considered the fathers of internal improvement. The following is his language:

"Then, too, should we begin to see, in new lights our internal improvements made at the national cost, for the national benefit; then should we see how they facilitated our intercourse, cheapened our defenses, augmented all our means—then should we acknowledge the wisdom of those measures, and of their execution, that were long since projected for by able statesmen, by Albert Gallatin and Mr. Calhoun."

All these men still believe in the constitutional power of Congress to make appropriations to internal improvements; but they oppose the policy now, because, as Mr. Clay said in his speech on the 10th March 1838:

"He was no longer in favor of appropriations, by the General Government, to States having evinced both their disposition and ability to conduct those enterprises so energetically and successfully as to render the aid of the General Government wholly unnecessary."

To the friends of Madison, Calhoun and McDuffie, I commend the above extracts. They will see that in the days when republicanism had a meaning, the head of the party recommended internal improvements; and was supported by the Calhouns, the McDuffies and the Clays; and they cannot be so unfair now, as to say Mr. Clay, alone, is liable to the charge of federalism, for supporting a policy which met the approbation of the entire republican party.

TRUTH.

To the Voters of Madison County.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—There are perhaps many of you who, as yet, are not aware that I have declined running for the Sheriffship of this County, and as it is now almost the eve of the Election, I deem it a duty I owe to you to make it generally known; and in order to do so, I take the liberty of addressing you through the columns of a newspaper. In the mean time, allow me to tender my sincere thanks for past favors, and the warm solicitations I have received from many of you to become a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

With due regard,
I am ever your ob't serv't.

J. J. HENRY.

From the Nashville Banner.

A strong view of the Matter.

The Philadelphia "World," a paper conducted with marked ability, and which belongs to neither of the great political parties of the day, but pursues a perfectly independent course, throws out, under the head of "Politics for the People," the following judicious observations. They contain truths which the whole people of the country ought to be made thoroughly acquainted with.

Whoever carefully studies the Federal constitution, and the history of the country for the last twenty years, will perceive that the great defect of the system is the executive patronage. The generation which achieved the revolution, having just thrown off the tyranny of a monarchy, sat down to devise their fundamental laws under a full recollection of its oppressions, and of the toils and sufferings and blood through which they had passed. They were therefore very naturally jealous of every thing bearing the semblance of royalty or aristocracy, and endeavored to establish a representative democracy, with the three powers of government so well defined and equally balanced, that each should be an effectual check to the other two. And they devised the best system of government in theory which the world had ever witnessed. But as the convention which made the Federal constitution, and the State conventions which adopted it, consisted of men remarkable for sagacity, how came they to overlook the evils to which this extensive patronage of the executive has led? They relied too much upon the honesty of posterity, and did not foresee the gigantic increase of the country. They knew

and relied on, for they had tried each other. In looking around for men to fill the Presidency, they saw Washington, Adams, Franklin, Jefferson, Hancock, Henry, Pendleton, Lee; and they could not imagine that such men would abuse a trust so exalted. These were their standards for leaders, and they thought such would always grow up under those institutions which they had inherited and rescued, and those which they were devising. They were in the midst of a wise and honest people, whose more than Roman virtues had been thoroughly proved; and they did not, could not believe that under the blessing of liberty, the posterity of such a people would degenerate. They did not foresee that before the lapse of half century three millions of people would be sexupled, and that the whole would be maddened by a spirit of speculation. They made the Federal constitution for their own generation and a posterity like it, and did not contemplate an almost radical change of character. Had they foreseen the present, they would not have armed a presidency with a patronage that renders it more formidable than even a crown.

But the country has changed. Three millions of people have grown to 18 and a few scores of Federal officers are augmented to two hundred thousand, every one of whom receives his appointment directly or indirectly from the President. This army of office-holders, depending upon his will, enables the President to control the whole legislative power, and render the government a practical monarchy. Let us suppose the House of Representatives and Senate so nearly divided upon partisan grounds, as to render a majority of ten in the first and five in the second upon any question of public interest. If the President can change six votes in one and three in the other, his own views of the question become the law of the land. Among these two hundred thousand officers, could he not find nine that would suit members of Congress? Seats in the cabinet, foreign missions, collectorships of the principal ports, and intorships and collectorships in the treasury, are things desirable, even to members of Congress, and will sometimes remove the most obstinate constitutional and other scruples. Who can fail to see that with such means of influence, the President is master of the legislative power? But we cannot more forcibly exhibit the dangers of executive patronage, than in the language of Mr. Van Buren, when a Senator in Congress. In his report to the Senate in the winter of 1826, on the celebrated resolution in favor of "retrenchment and reform," he says,

"We must look forward to the time when the nomination of the President can carry any man thro' the Senate, his recommendation can carry any measure through the two Houses of Congress; when the principle of public action will be open and avowed. The President wants my vote, and I want his patronage; I will vote as he wishes, and he will give me the office I wish for. What will this be to the government of one man, and what is the government of one man but a MONARCHY!"

Such was the language of Mr. Van Buren, when a Senator in Congress, speaking in reference to the Presidency of Mr. John Quincy Adams. It was natural for the people to suppose that on reaching an influential station in the Federal Government, under the presidency of General Jackson, and finally reaching the Presidency, the statesman who could so clearly see and so forcibly describe the dangers of the Executive patronage, would make every possible exertion to restrain it, and redeem the legislative power of the government from its destructive influence. But has that expectation been answered? Did Mr. Van Buren, when exercising great influence under the presidency of General Jackson, endeavor to prevent the executive patronage from being used to prevent the independent action of Congress? Let every republican remember a written promise to a speaker to the Federal House of Representatives, to appoint him to a foreign mission. Has Mr. Van Buren, since he reached the Presidency, exhibited to Congress the dangers of executive patronage, or recommended any measure for restraining it? Twelve years have elapsed since he made this memorable report to the Senate; and though for nearly the whole of this period he has occupied the stations of Secretary of State, Vice President and President, he has done or recommended nothing to restrain the evil which he once so clearly saw and forcibly described! And yet upon his own promises, he has the power of correction. He said that the recommendation of the president could carry any measure through the two Houses of Congress. Mr. Van Buren has been President for three years, and has not recommended any measure to restrain executive patronage. What is the conclusion? The necessary, irresistible conclusion? That Mr. Van Buren does not wish to deprive the presidency of this overwhelming power, at least during his own administration!

Tens of thousands of honest men, good patriots, inflexible republicans, support Mr. Van Buren for the next presidency, believing him to be, like themselves, a pure patriot and a sincere republican. We ask these men to consider Mr. Van Buren's own description of the Federal Government under this executive overruling influence of the executive. He says it is the government of one man, and that the government of one man is a monarchy! Here then we find Mr. Van Buren administering a government which he pronounces a monarchy, and a monarchy through the very power vested in himself, without the slightest effort to reform its monarchical features. Is Mr. Van Buren a republican? Can that man be a republican, who, before he reached the presidency, pronounced the Federal government a monarchy through a certain power in the president, and now that he has reached the presidency, elings fast to that power? Is Mr. Van Buren a patriot? Can that man be a patriot, who, before he reached the presidency, pronounced a certain power destructive to public liberty, and after he reaches the presidency, elings fast to

that power? We ask every honest man, pure patriot and sincere republican in the United States, of whatever partisan denomination, to consider these questions; to think of these things.

We take no partisan view of political questions, for to us all parties are different, when considered merely as parties. We have no partialities to gratify, no hopes to fulfil, no fears to assuage in the next presidential election, beyond the hopes and fears which every American ought to entertain for his country. We care not who is president, if the presidency be honestly and ably filled, and therefore we speak not for any candidate now or likely to be in nomination. We have proclaimed our preference, but it is not for Mr. Van Buren or Mr. Clay, or General Harrison. It is for one who has not the slightest prospect of a nomination for the next presidency. We therefore can speak impartially and independently, and we do speak without the least reference to the parties into which the country is now divided. We speak for the country, the whole country, and nothing but the country; and we say that according to Mr. Van Buren's own showing, the country is in imminent danger from executive patronage. We therefore call upon all sincere republicans, of whatever partisan denomination, to unite in reforming the Federal Government of its monarchical features.

DIED—Near Black Hawk, Carroll county, Miss., on the 16th inst., Mrs. Frances Sharkey, aged 36 years.

Also, near Sologale, Carroll county, Miss., on the 16th inst., Mr. Uriah Newman, aged 41 years; Sister and brother to Mr. Josiah Newman of this place.

FRANKLIN SMITH,
Attorney at Law,
Canton, Mississippi.

WILL attend the Circuit Courts of Madison and the adjoining counties, the Circuit Court of the United States and the other superior courts holden at Jackson.

References:
Gov. RUSSELL, Jackson.
Hon. S. S. PRENTISS, Vicksburg.
G. WINCHESTER, Esq., Natchez.
September 21, 1839. 37-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term 1839.
C. J. Seares, sur'g. partner &c. On alias fi. fa.

Armistead Branch and Lewis G. Slaughter, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday in October 1839, Five likely Negroes, to wit: Billy, Winna, Dick, Harry and Sophie. Levied on as the property of the said defendant's and will be sold to satisfy the above stated case.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$6]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term 1839.
William H. Bole, vs. On alias fi. fa.

George W. Nicks, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated case, to me directed, I will expose to public sale, for cash, at the Court-house door, in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday in October 1839, The following described land, to wit: North-west quarter of section ten; south west quarter of section ten; west half of north-east quarter, section nine; south-west quarter, section nine; east half of north-east quarter, section nine; east half of north-east quarter, section seven; east half of south-east quarter, section eight; township eleven, range four east; east half of south-west quarter, and north half of west half of south-west quarter of section twelve, township eleven, range three east; containing in all nine hundred and seventeen acres.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By W. J. NORMANT, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$6]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term 1839.
Thomas Johnson, vs. On alias fi. fa.

J. H. Roper, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I will expose to public sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday in October 1839, The following property, to wit: Fifteen acres of Corn and two Stacks of Fodder.

Levied on as the property of the said defendant, and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$6]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term 1839.
Wm. Montgomery, vs. On Alias ven. ex. po. to November Term, 1839, in Madison Circuit Court.

C. J. Seares, and Phelina Shearer, Adm'rs. &c.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the first Monday in August, 1839, A House and lot in the town of Canton, on the south side of the public square, fronting twenty-five feet and running back one hundred feet. Occupied at present by George W. King, as a Store house.

Levied on as the property of David Shearer, deceased, and will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt and cost.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By CHARLES HICKERSON, Deputy.
July 6, 1839.

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the 3rd Monday in September.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
August 10, 31

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the First Monday in October, 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$32]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term, 1839.
James M. White, vs. Alias fi. fa. on bond.

John D. King & Son, and James Flowers, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I will expose to public sale, for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday in October 1839, The following property, to wit: Six likely Negroes, viz: Emily and child, Eliza, Lucinda, Peggy and Alfred; one Wagon and three Oxen.

Levied on as the property of said defendant, and will be sold to satisfy the above stated case.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$6]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term, 1839.
William Speights, vs. Pleu. fi. fa. on bond.

Gideon Bass, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

Wm. Robinson and J. R. Bass, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

Brander, McKenna & Wright, use &c. vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, for cash, at the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday in October 1839, The following property, to wit: Sixty acres Cotton, more or less, two hundred acres Corn, more or less, fifteen stacks Fodder, three hundred hogs, more or less, two hundred head of Cattle, twenty-five Sheep, three Horses, five Mules.

Levied on as the property of defendant, and will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt and cost.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$6]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term, 1839.
Robert Jaffrey, vs. Alias fi. fa. on bond.

James M. Marr, and Bransford B. Mills, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated cases to me directed, I will expose to public sale, before the Court-house door, in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday of October 1839, The following property, to wit: ONE LIKELY NEGRO GIRL NAMED MILLY.

Levied on as the property of the said defendant, and will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt and cost.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$6]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Hinds Circuit Court—November term 1839.
Planters Bank, vs. On alias fi. fa.

Wm. H. Smith, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

Nathan Bryant, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

High Campbell, and Wm. R. Dearing, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated cases to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, for cash, at the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday in October 1839, The following described land, to wit: Two Lots in the town of Canton, known as lots number three and four, in square number seven, according to the plot of said town.

Levied on and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
August 17, 32

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the 3rd Monday in October, 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-41 [Pr fee \$25]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term 1839.
Riley McGuire, vs. Alias fi. fa. on bond.

John Hanna, and Thomas Spill, vs. On alias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I will expose to public sale for cash, to the highest bidder before the Court-house door, in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday in October 1839, The following described tract or parcel of land, to wit: West half of north-east quarter, section eighteen, township seven, range one, east.

Levied on as the property of defendant and will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt and cost.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By I. A. ADAMS, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-41 [Pr fee \$25]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term 1839.
James W. Camp, vs. On pleurias fi. fa.

E. R. Anderson, vs. On pleurias fi. fa. on bond.

G. W. Terrell and D. W. Haley, vs. On pleurias fi. fa. on bond.

By virtue of the above state case to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday in October 1839, The following described property, viz: Nine yoke of Oxen, sixteen Mules, sixty head of Cattle, more or less, fifty head of Hogs, more or less, two Wagons, fifty bales of Cotton, three thousand bushels of Corn, thirty Stacks Fodder, a set of Black-smith Tools, Farming Utensils, &c. &c.

Levied on and will be sold to satisfy the above stated case.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By W. J. NORMANT, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$9]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison circuit court—Nov'r term 1839.
W Hampton use &c vs Alias fi fa on bond.

Josiah Borroughs, & Serrites, vs Same and same.

J. S. Gooch use &c vs Same and same.

Same, vs Same and same.

By virtue of the above stated cases to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday of September 1839, ONE WAGON and 6 PAIR of GEARS.

Levied on and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By B. LITTLE, Deputy.
August 31, 34

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the First Monday in October, 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By B. LITTLE, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$11]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Silverberg & Rollins vs On fi. fa. on bond

Samuel Holloway, vs Madison circuit court.

Stewart & Mitchell, vs Same and same.

Same, vs Same and same.

By virtue of the above stated cases, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, for cash, at the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday in September, 1839, The following land, to wit:—The east half of south-east quarter section thirty-four; south half of east half of south-west quarter of section thirty-five; north half of east half of south-west quarter of section thirty-five; south-east quarter of section thirty-five; all in township ten, range two, east. ALSO, west half of south-west quarter of section thirty-five, township ten, range two, east; and the east half of north-east quarter of section three, township nine, range two, east, containing five hundred and sixty acres.

Levied on and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
August 17, 32

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the Third Monday in October, 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-41 [Pr fee \$27]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Planters Bank, vs On pleurias fi. fa. to October term 1839, Madison circuit court.

W. H. Bolls & saries William Riley, vs Same and same.

Same, vs On alias fi. fa. on bond.

John Montgomery, President &c, vs Same.

By virtue of the above stated cases to me directed I will expose to public sale, for cash, at the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday in September 1839, Two Lots in the town of Canton, known as lots number three and four, in square number seven, according to the plot of said town.

Levied on and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
August 17, 32

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the 3rd Monday in October, 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-41 [Pr fee \$21]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Brewster, Solomon & Co. vs On Alias fi. fa. to Oct. term 1839, in Madison Circuit Court.

Thos. J. Smith and others, vs Same.

By virtue of the above stated cases, to me directed, I shall proceed to expose to public sale, for cash, at the Court House door in the town of Canton, Madison county,

On the first Monday in August 1839, The following property to-wit: A tract of land namely, the whole entire section of twenty-seven, township number eight of range three east. Also, a lot of land containing one hundred and two acres, being the south west quarter and the west half, south east quarter section number twenty-two, township number eight range three east, making in all seven hundred and forty-two acres, and eighty-six hundredths of an acre. Also, one Wagon, three yoke of Oxen and fifteen head of Cattle, more or less and two Negroes, viz: Cloey and Jack.

Levied on as the property of Smith and Freeman, and will be sold to satisfy the above stated case. Sale to take place within the hours prescribed by law.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By B. LITTLE, Deputy.
July 1st, 1839.

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the 3rd Monday in September.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By B. LITTLE, Deputy.
August 10, 31

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the 3rd Monday in October 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By B. LITTLE, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-41 [Pr fee \$46]

LAW NOTICE.
M. & G. CALHOUN.
WILL devote their attention to the practice of law in the Madison and surrounding Circuit Courts, and the superior courts at Jackson. Their office is at their residence near Canton.
September 21, 1839. 37-tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Allen Garey, vs Alias fi. fa. on bond, in Madison circuit court, to October term, 1839.

George W. Kibbee, et al. vs Same.

Joseph Holmes, vs Same.

Arnold Russell & Co. vs Same.

Commercial & Rail Road Bank of Vicksburg, vs Same.

Same, vs Same.

Reese & M'Carty, vs Same.

Same, James A. Pugh, use &c. vs Same.

Same, Stuart & Mitchell, vs Same.

J. J. Kester & Co. vs Same.

Same, Hooper & Bogart, vs Same.

Same, Coleman & Boyd, vs Same.

E. W. Kibbee, et al. vs Same.

Arnold Russell & Co. vs Same.

Same, Stuart & Mitchell, vs Same.

Same, David Anderson, vs Same.

Same, Thos. M'Cord, use &c. vs Same.

Same, Stuart & Mitchell, vs Same.

Same, Joseph Holmes, vs Pleurias fi. fa. on bond.

Same, C. R. Balfour, vs Alias fi. fa.

G. W. Kibbee, Adm'r, vs Same.

By virtue of the above stated cases to me directed, I will expose to public sale, for cash, before the Court-house door in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday of September 1839, All the right, title, claim and interest, that George W. Kibbee has, in and to the following tract or parcel of land, to-wit:

Lot number three, in section twenty-five. Lot number two, in section twenty-five, township nine, range two, west.

—ALSO—

Lot number eight in section four, township eight, range two west.

—ALSO—

Part of east half, north west quarter, section eleven, township eight range two west, containing fifty acres, the west half of south west quarter, section eleven, township eight, range two west, eighty acres more or less.

—ALSO—

The following tract or parcel of land to-wit:

The west half of south west quarter, section eleven, township eight, range two west, east half of south west quarter, section eleven of township eight, range two west, containing one hundred and twenty and thirty-two hundredths, acres.

—ALSO—

South east half of south east quarter, section fourteen, and the south half of the south west quarter, section thirteen of township ten, range four east, in all one hundred and twenty and sixty-five hundredths of an acre.

Levied on as the property of said defendants, and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By I. A. ADAMS, Deputy.
August 10, 31

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the third Monday in October next.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By I. A. ADAMS, Deputy.
Sept. 21, 37-41—pr fee \$85

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison circuit court—Nov'r term 1839.
Ford & Sutherland vs Alias fi fa on bond.

W. Arnold & surty F. W. & J. R. Hubert, vs Same and same.

Same, vs Same and same.

By virtue of the above stated cases to me directed, I shall expose to public sale for cash, before the Court-house door, in the town of Canton,

On the Third Monday in September 1839, The crop of Corn growing on forty acres of land, on the premises of said Arnold.

Levied on and will be sold to satisfy the above stated cases.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
August 24, 33

POSTPONEMENT.
The sale of the above described property is hereby postponed until the First Monday in October, 1839.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$17]

SHERIFF'S SALE.
Madison Circuit Court—November term, 1839.
John E. Richardson, vs On Alias fi. fa.

Benjamin Williams, vs Same.

By virtue of the above stated case to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, for cash, before the Court-house door, in the town of Canton,

On the First Monday in October 1839, One Negro Girl named Eliza.

Levied on as the property of said defendant, and will be sold to satisfy plaintiff's debt and cost.

S. M. FLOURNOY, Sh'ff.
By C. HICKERSON, Deputy.
Sept 21, 37-39 [Pr fee \$1]

For announcing as a Candidate, received of

DAVID FORD, \$10.00
WM. MONTGOMERY, 10.00
S. D. LIVINGSTON, 10.00
THO. SHACKLEFORD, 10.00
WM. S. BAILEY, 10.00
H. A. OFFUTT, 10.00
JAS. A. PUGH, 10.00
J. H. VANNOY, 10.00
O. F. PACK, 10.00
M. VANDERBURST, 10.00
WILLIAM RILEY, 10.00
S. M. FLOURNOY, 10.00
CAPT. E. D. CASH, 10.00
E. G. HENRY, 10.00
G. W. M. STACEY, 10.00
ARCHIBALD CLARK, 10.00
SAMUEL HAMBLEN, 10.00
JOHN T. CAMERON, 10.00
DAVID M. FULTON, 10.00

WE are authorized to announce John M. Maury, as a Candidate for Chancellor of the State at the next election.

WE are authorized to announce E. G. Henry, as a candidate to represent Madison County, at the ensuing election.

WE are authorized to announce Dr. Henry A. Offutt, of Camden, as a candidate to represent Madison county in the next Legislature.

WE are authorized to announce David Ford, as a candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce Anderson Hutchinson, Esq., of Raymond, as a candidate for the office of Chancellor of the State, at the November Election.

WE are authorized to announce Col. H. Phillips, as a candidate for Senator of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce Col. D. M. Fulton, as a candidate for Senator for Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce Mitchell Calhoun, as a candidate for Senator for Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce John T. Denning, as a Candidate to represent Madison county at the ensuing election.

WE are authorized to announce Maj. J. G. Ott, as a candidate to represent Madison county at the next election.

WE are authorized to announce Wm. S. Bailey, as a candidate for Probate Judge of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce Hon. Thomas Shackelford, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge of Probate for Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce O. F. Pack, as a Candidate for Circuit Court Clerk.

WE are authorized to announce Thomas H. Gillespie, as a Candidate for Circuit Court Clerk.

WE are authorized to announce Wm. Riley, as a Candidate for Circuit Court Clerk.

WE are authorized to announce Wm. Montgomery, as a Candidate for Circuit Court Clerk.

WE are authorized to announce Samuel M. Flournoy, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce Samuel Hamblen, as a Candidate for Sheriff of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce S. D. Livingston, as a Candidate for Sheriff of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce James A. Pugh, as a Candidate for Sheriff of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce G. W. Stacey, as a Candidate for Assessor and Collector.

WE are authorized to announce Col. Joseph H. Vannoy, as a Candidate for Auditor and Collector.

WE are authorized to announce Archibald Clark, as a candidate for Auditor and Collector of Madison county.

WE are authorized to announce Geo. W. King, as a candidate for County Treasurer.

WE are authorized to announce M. Vanderhurst, as a candidate for County Treasurer.

WE are authorized to announce E. D. Cash, as a Candidate for County Treasurer.

WE are authorized to announce John T. Cameron, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of Probate of Madison county.

TINNING.
THE citizens of Canton and surrounding country, are respectfully informed that the undersigned is carrying on the

Tinning Business
In this place in all its forms. Those wishing to have their House Gutters, would do well to make early application, as it is uncertain how long I may remain.

Terms Cash and no mistake.
THOS. CHINN.
38-St

TO BUILDERS.
THE undersigned having lately erected, and got in full and successful operation, a splendid Steam Saw Mill, on Big Black, between Bowles' and Williams' Ferry, about 25 miles Northeast from Canton; beg leave to inform those who wish to purchase lumber of any description, that they are now prepared to execute orders for any amount at the shortest notice, and at as low rates as it can be obtained in the country.—They will sell lumber and deliver it in rafts at any point on Big Black when a sufficient quantity may be required to justify the expense. Persons living in the vicinity of Big Black ordering a sufficient quantity to build an ordinary frame house, would do well to buy in their bills and have it shipped to their nearest accessible point on that river. Orders addressed to us at Canton will be promptly attended to.

Sept 7, COOK & HADEN.
33-tf

BLANKS
O'Ferry description neatly printed and for sale at this office.